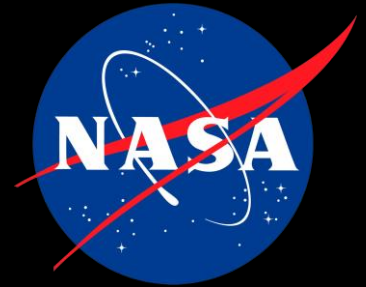


# Preparing for the Next Generation of Planetary Surface Exploration

Dr. Kelsey Young  
UTEP – Jacobs JETS Contract at NASA Johnson Space Center

Tuesday, November 8<sup>th</sup>, 2016



# Overview

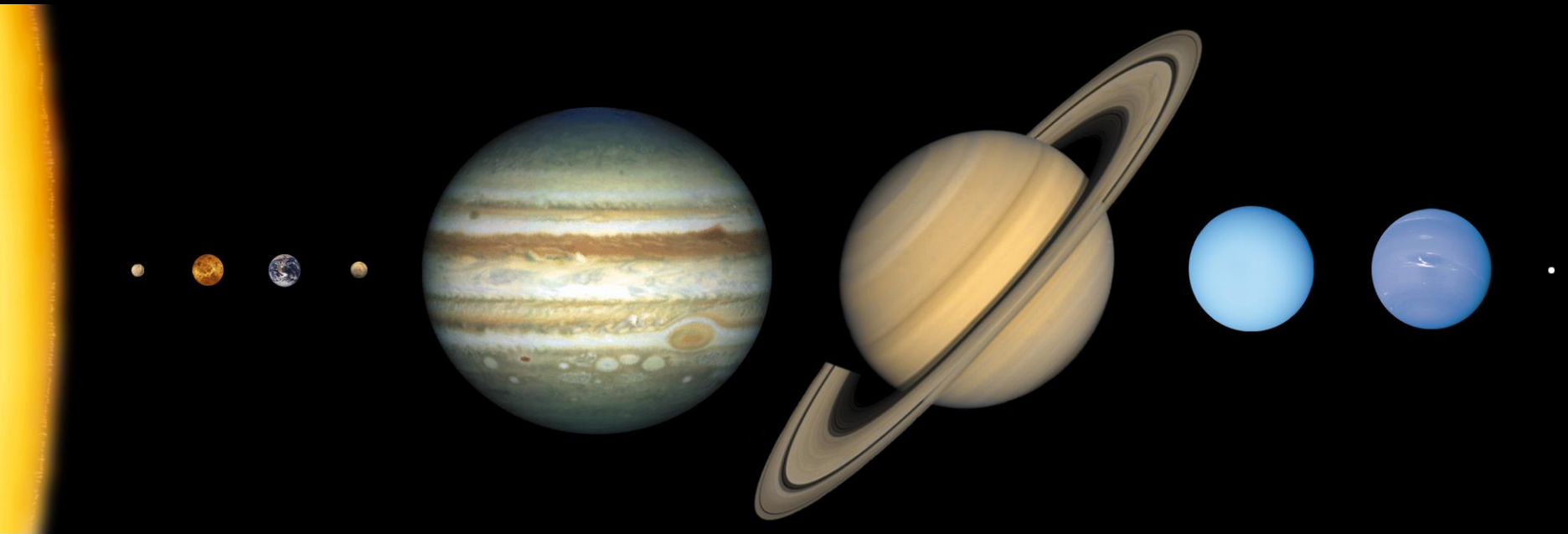
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- Who I am, What I do
- Solar System Exploration: past, current, and future
- Analog Testing
- Field Portable Instruments
- Looking Forward

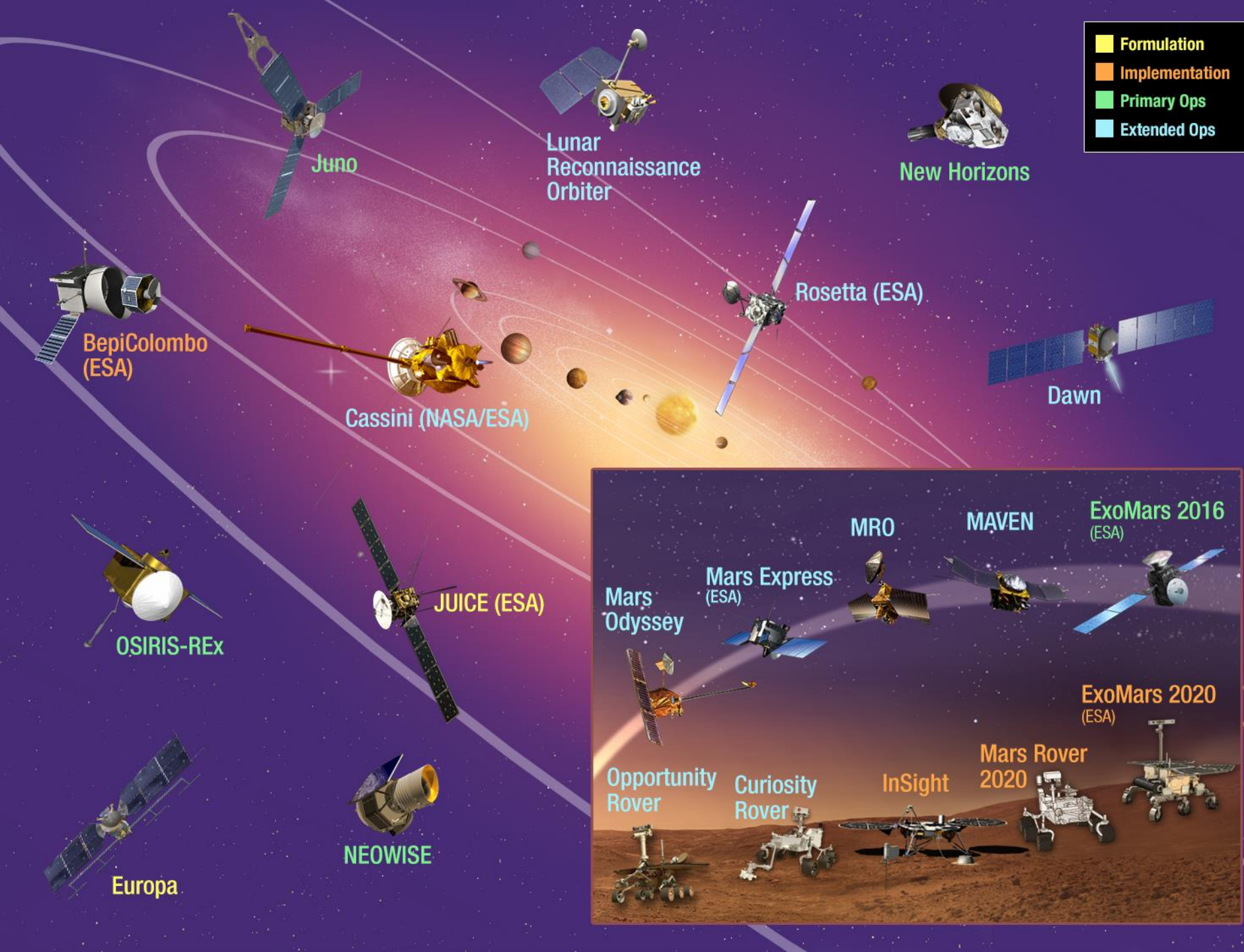


# Solar System Exploration

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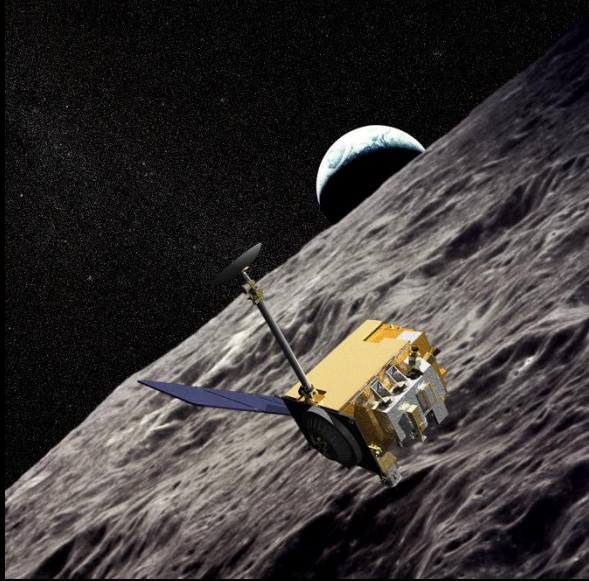
# Apollo History of Planetary Surface Exploration

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- 6 surface missions from 1969 – 1972
- Sample collection
- Surface science experiments
- Lunar Roving Vehicle



# Scientific Drivers for Planetary Exploration



LRO: NASA GSFC Conceptual Images Lab



MSL: NASA/JPL-Caltech/MSSS



OSIRIS-REx: NASA/Univ. AZ/Lockheed Martin

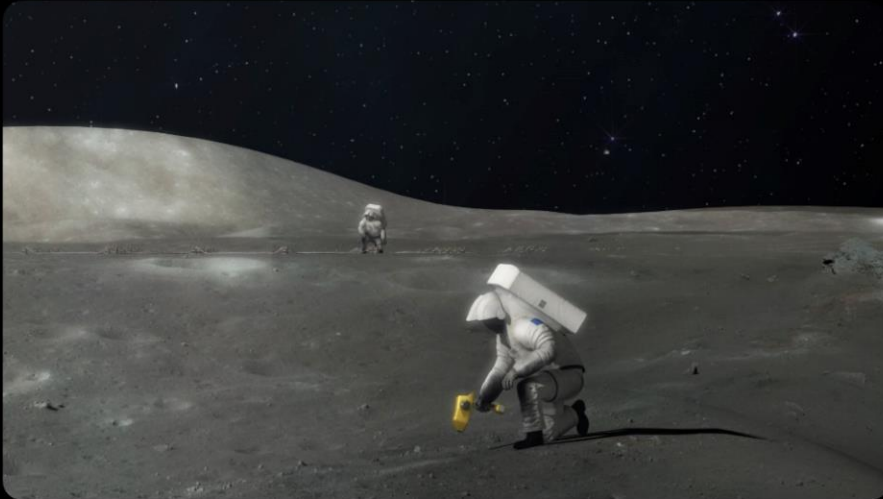
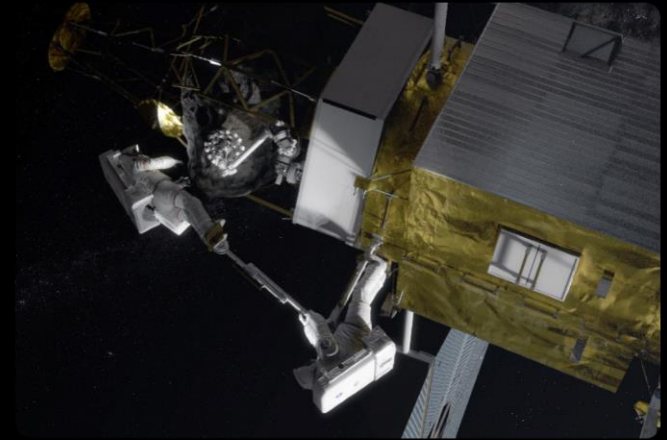
- Massive advancements made since Apollo surface missions, but there are still a number of outstanding science questions across all potential targets of interest for human exploration
- Areas of interest include geology, geophysics, geochemistry, atmospheres, life-related chemistry, etc.
  - Varying levels of human interaction
  - Astrobiology: Planetary Protection



# Future Planetary Surface Exploration

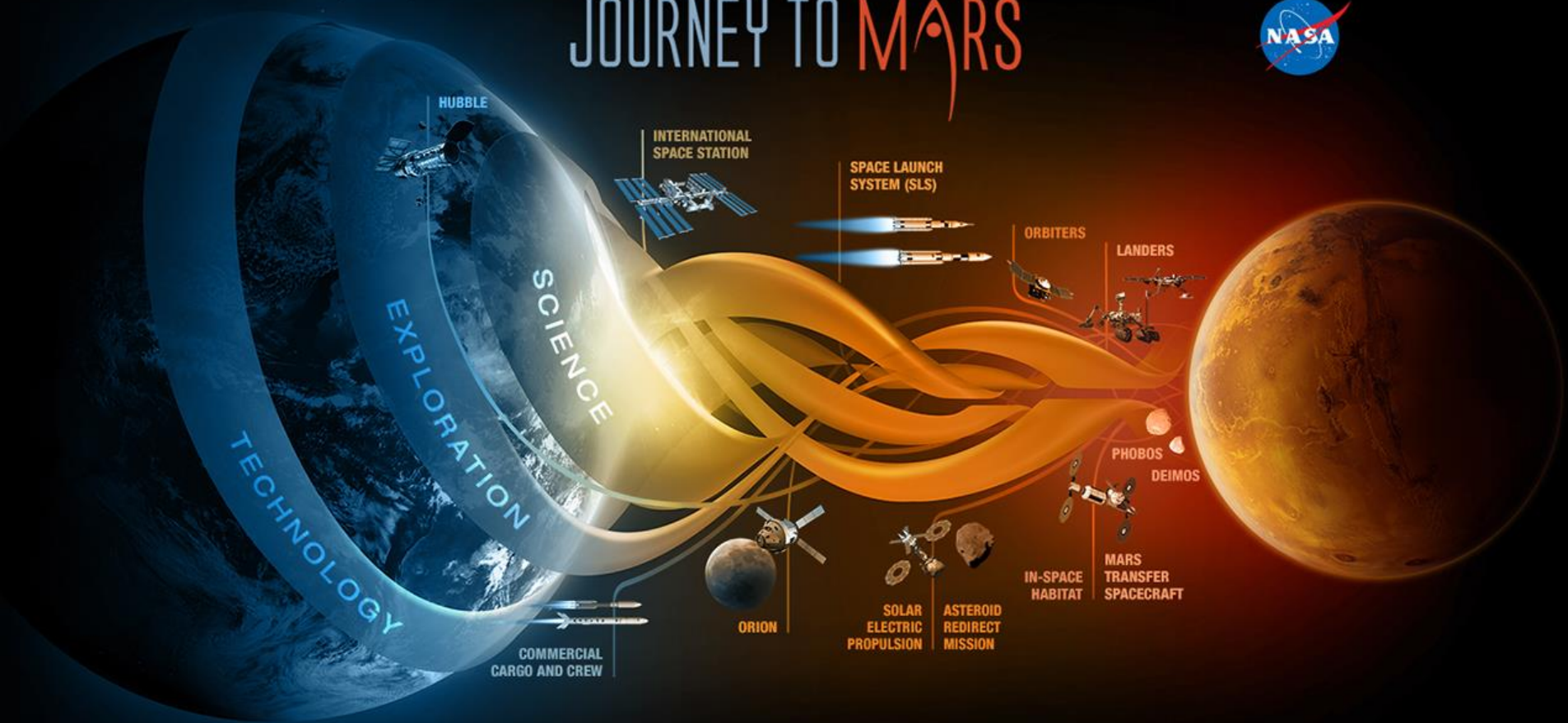
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- Destinations include small bodies, the Moon, and Mars
- Variable communications delays and atmospheric and gravity conditions
- Flexible technology development is crucial





# JOURNEY TO MARS



# HUMAN EXPLORATION

*NASA's Journey to Mars*



## EARTH RELIANT

MISSION: 6 TO 12 MONTHS  
RETURN TO EARTH: HOURS



Mastering fundamentals  
aboard the International  
Space Station

U.S. companies  
provide access to  
low-Earth orbit

## PROVING GROUND

MISSION: 1 TO 12 MONTHS  
RETURN TO EARTH: DAYS



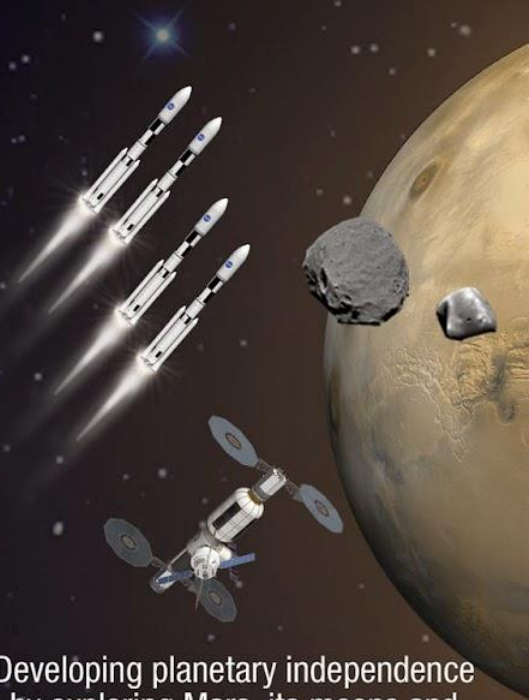
Expanding capabilities by  
visiting an asteroid redirected  
to a lunar distant retrograde orbit

The next step: traveling beyond low-Earth  
orbit with the Space Launch System  
rocket and Orion spacecraft



## MARS READY

MISSION: 2 TO 3 YEARS  
RETURN TO EARTH: MONTHS



Developing planetary independence  
by exploring Mars, its moons and  
other deep space destinations



# Moving Forward from Apollo

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- International Space Station
- Earth Observations
- Science Experiments
- Long Duration Spaceflight





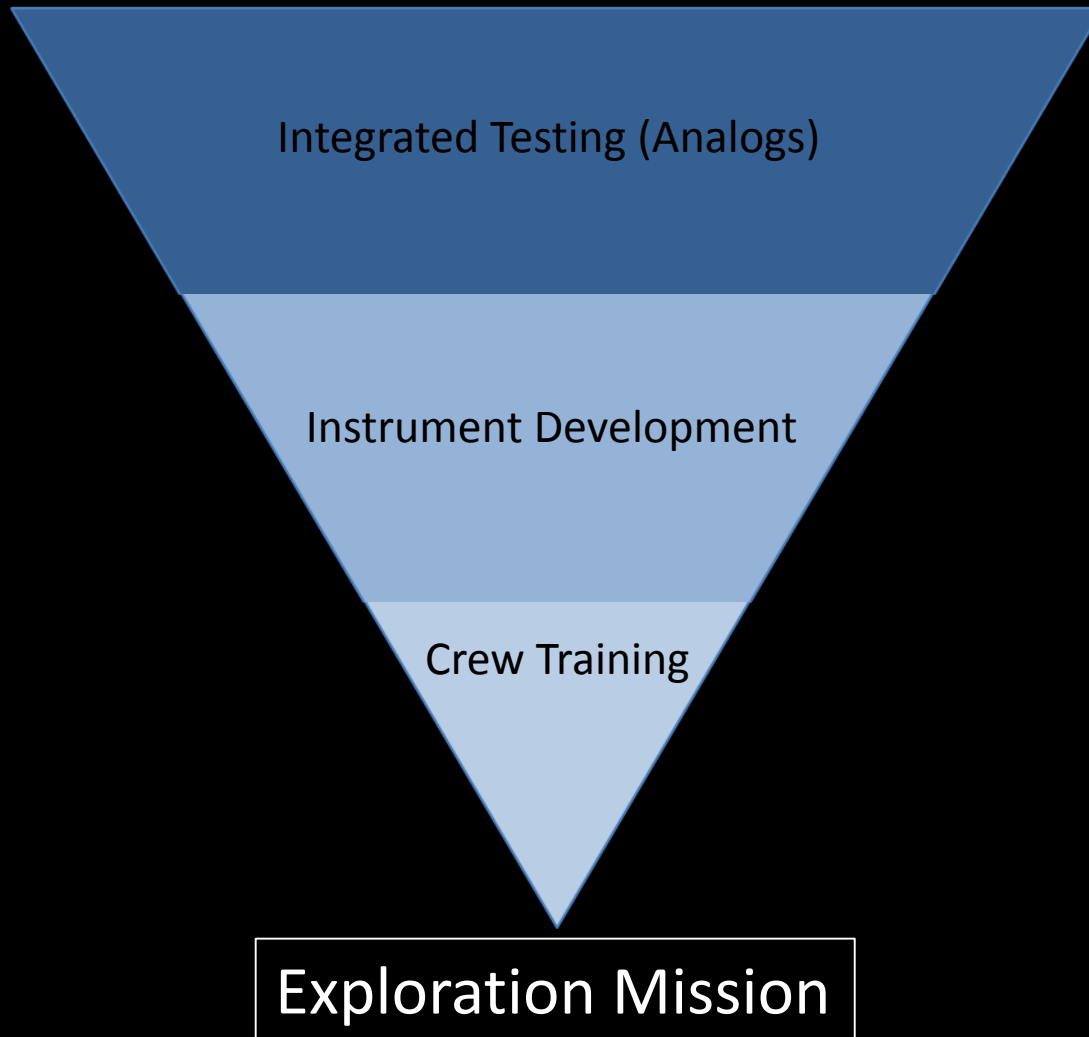
# Planetary Surface Exploration

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- What do we need to do to get ready to send humans to other destinations
- Test, test, test
- Requires an ongoing, integrated approach



# Moving Forward



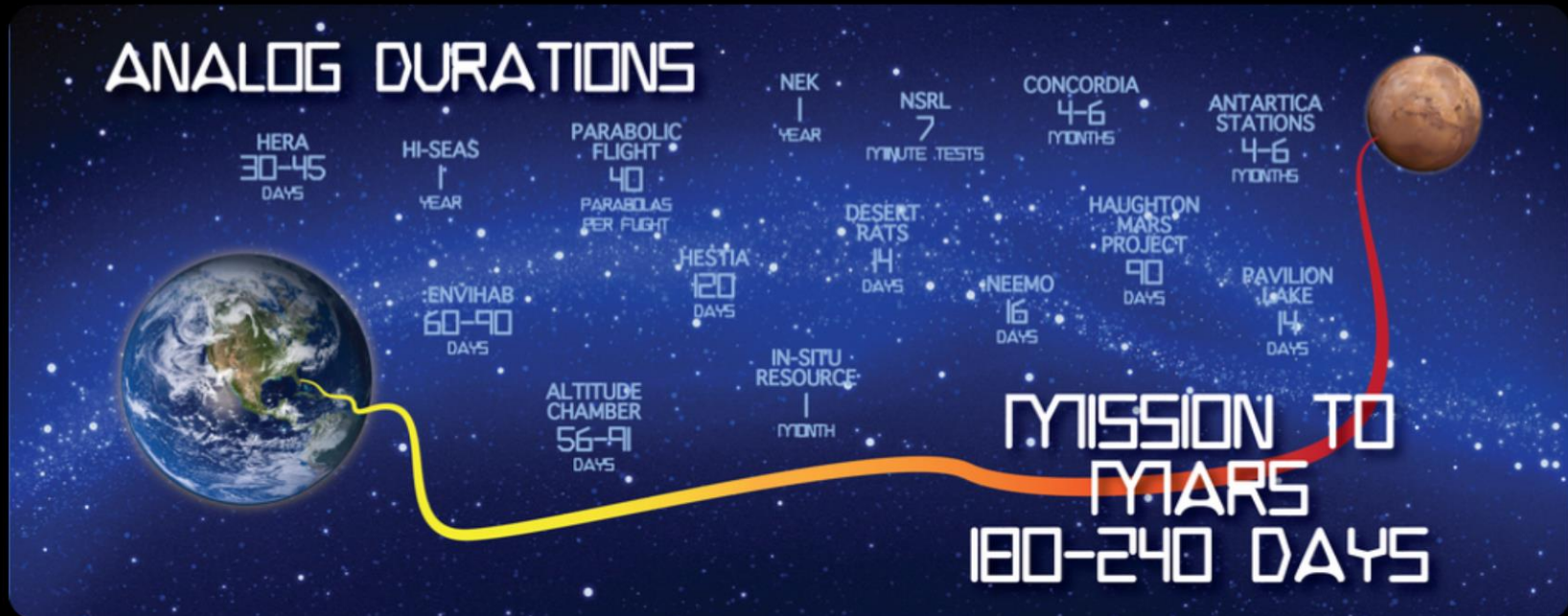
# Terrestrial Field Testing



Field testing technology has always been a crucial part of preparing for future exploration



# Analog Testing



- Multi-disciplinary field test that allows for early end-to-end testing of operational concepts and hardware in a real operational environment
- Evaluates objectives mapped to specific needs and knowledge/technology gaps
- Benefits programs from ISS to Exploration

# Desert RATS



- Integrated team of engineers and scientists including most NASA Centers, other Agencies, Military, Academia, High Schools, commercial & international participants
- Tests validate hardware and software as well as mission operations concepts to identify & establish realistic technical requirements applicable to future missions





# DRATS - Technology



## HABITAT ROVER



- Evaluated next generation habitat rover
- Two rovers simultaneously operating with crews of one astronaut and one geologist

## SAMPLE COLLECTION



- Apollo-style tools re-evaluated in new exploration paradigm
- Design, test, re-design
- Multi-year tool evolution between geologists and engineers

## HABITAT LABORATORY



- Designed for long duration surface stays
- Real-time, in situ analysis allows for sample high-grading



# DRATS - Operations



## Integrated EVA Science Operations



- Examined con ops that enable interaction between the MCC & the crew over varying comm latencies including:
  - Interaction with an integrated Science Team
  - Authentic scientific objectives and hypothesis
  - Flexexecution methodology

## Sample Collection and Curation Procedures



- Assessed varying procedures for scientific data collection
- Investigated what and how much data must be collected during EVA

## Crew Training



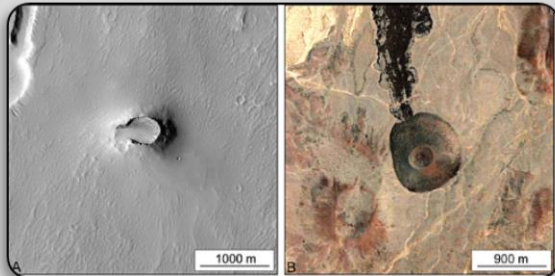
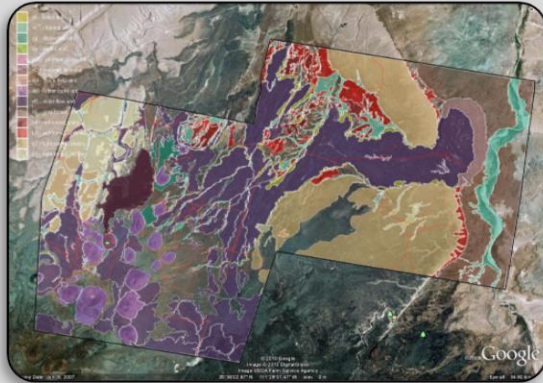
- Follow-up from initial Astronaut Candidate training
- Best practices for training analog crews
- Relationships between astronaut and geologist crewmembers

WITH VARYING COMMUNICATION LATENCY CON OPS

# DRATS - Science



## San Francisco Volcanic Field, Arizona



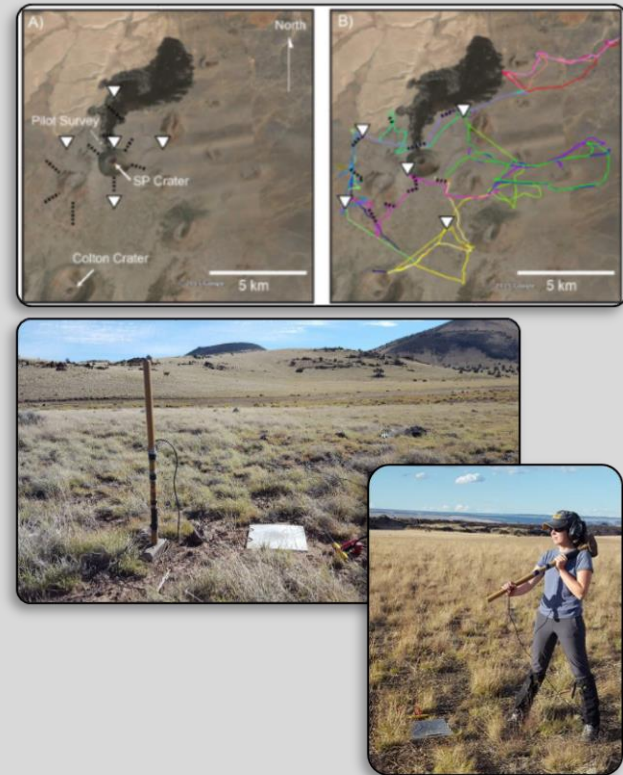
- Analog site north of Flagstaff, AZ
- Mapped by NASA/USGS team with remote sensing data
- Traverse plans developed for each mission

## Real-time Sample Collection and Geologic Mapping



- Multiple EVAs designed to map volcanic field
- Samples collected and curated for "return to Earth"
- Initial sample analysis performed in habitat laboratory

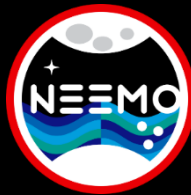
## Follow-up Science



- New projects funded based on results from DRATS
- Seismic studies of volcanic terrain
- Geochemical studies to map flows and cones



# NEEMO

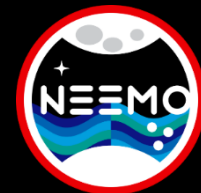
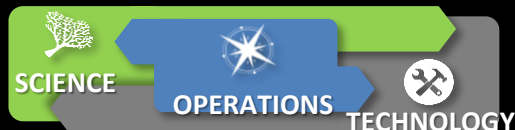


- Successful 16 day mission living and working from Aquarius Reef Base
- Completed a combination of Exploration EVA and ISS/Orion related objectives
- International crew with partial crew rotation mid-mission
- Numerous participating organizations across NASA, JSC, ESA, DoD, Research Institutions, Universities, and Industry Partners

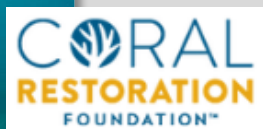




# NEEMO - Science

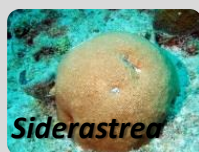


## NURSERY CONSTRUCTION & SCIENCE

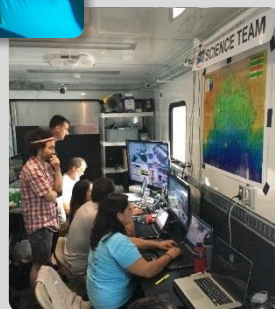


- Constructed and conducted initial science investigation on two long-term coral nurseries near ARB
  - 50' nursery
  - 90' nursery (deepest in the world)
- Constructed 5 tree-structures at each site; emplaced 600 samples for scientific research

## REEF FOLLOW-UP SCIENCE



*Siderastrea*



- Continued research and sampling conducted during NEEMO 20
- Science team developed the overall sampling strategy and traverse plans

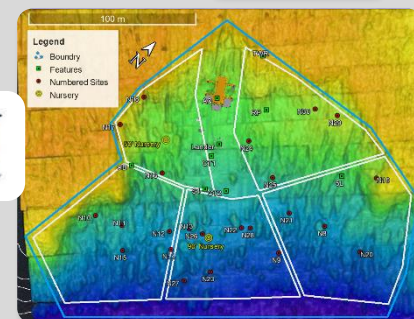
## REEF EXPLORATION SCIENCE



*Agaricia*



*Orbicella*

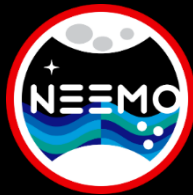


- Explored and expanded into new sites and new coral species
- Described, documented, and sampled over 80 additional samples

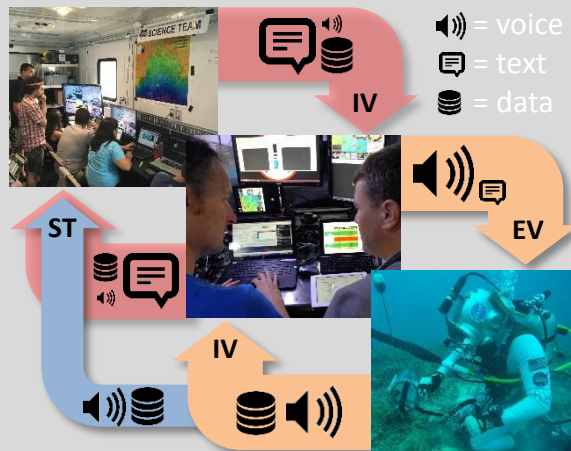
**Authentic science now fully integrated into NEEMO EVA operations**

Successfully completed all science objectives during 60+ hours of science driven EVA operations

# NEEMO - Operations



## INTEGRATED EVA SCIENCE OPERATIONS



- Examined con ops that enable interaction between the MCC & the crew over a long comm latency including:
  - Interaction with an integrated Science Team
  - Authentic scientific objectives and hypothesis
  - Flexecution methodology

## NAVIGATION, MAP, & TRAVERSE PLANNING



- Assessed tool needs for navigation
- Traverse plan and map on cue cards showed crew regions and paths, and tasks to complete
- Utilized Doppler relative nav system for crew to find ROI/zones

## OPTICAL COMMUNICATIONS



- Successfully deployed, tested, and evaluated a prototype optical communications system

## JOINT ROBOTIC-EVA OPERATIONS

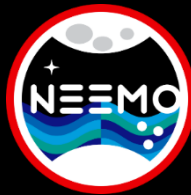


- Utilized an ROV as a robotic asset for IV and ST situational awareness of the EVA

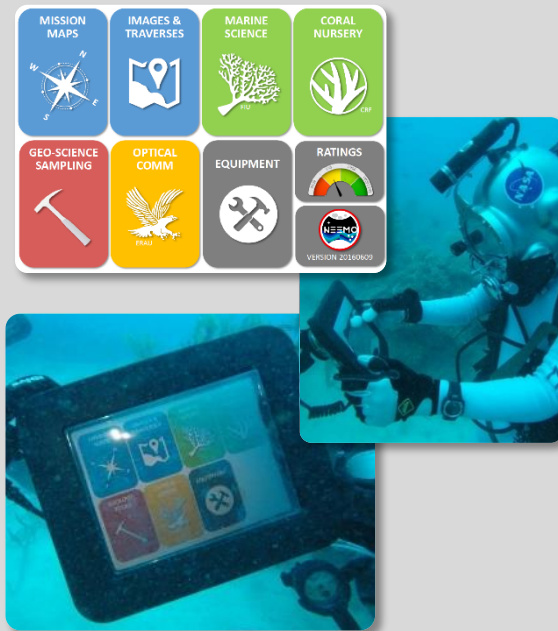
WITH LONG (15 MIN) COMMUNICATION LATENCY CON OPS



# NEEMO - Technology

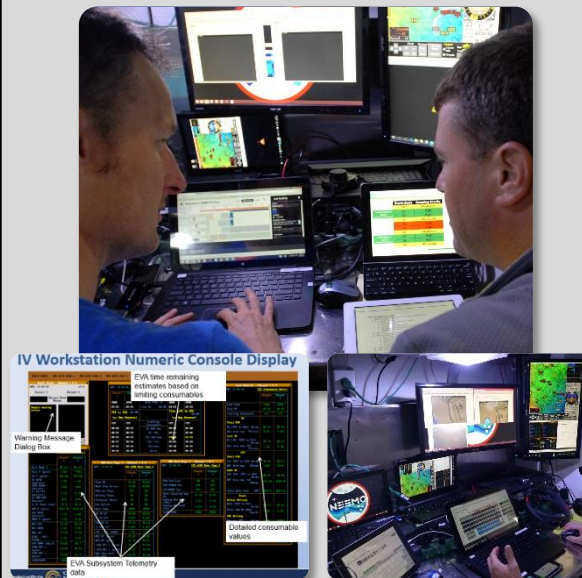


## DIGITAL CUE CARDS



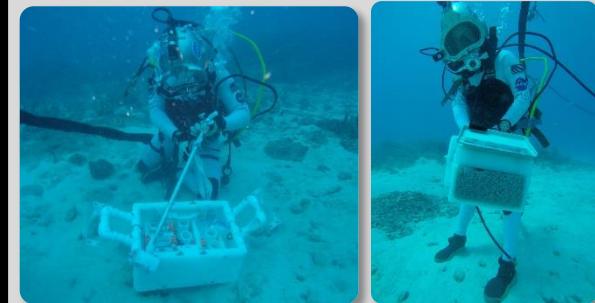
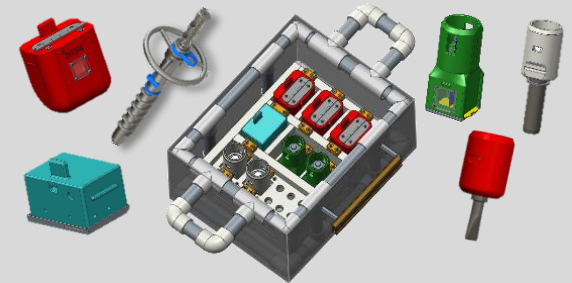
- Evaluated digital cue cards for EVA crew that allowed crew to operate more effectively and offload IV tasks
- Potential “one-device” for cue cards/procedures, images/video, instrument control, etc.

## IV SUPPORT SYSTEM



- Evaluated tools the IV crew needs to handle the large amount of real-time EVA information
- Evaluated effective setup in constrained location
- Multiple displays of camera feeds, timeline, nav/comm/sub systems, procedures, logs, etc.

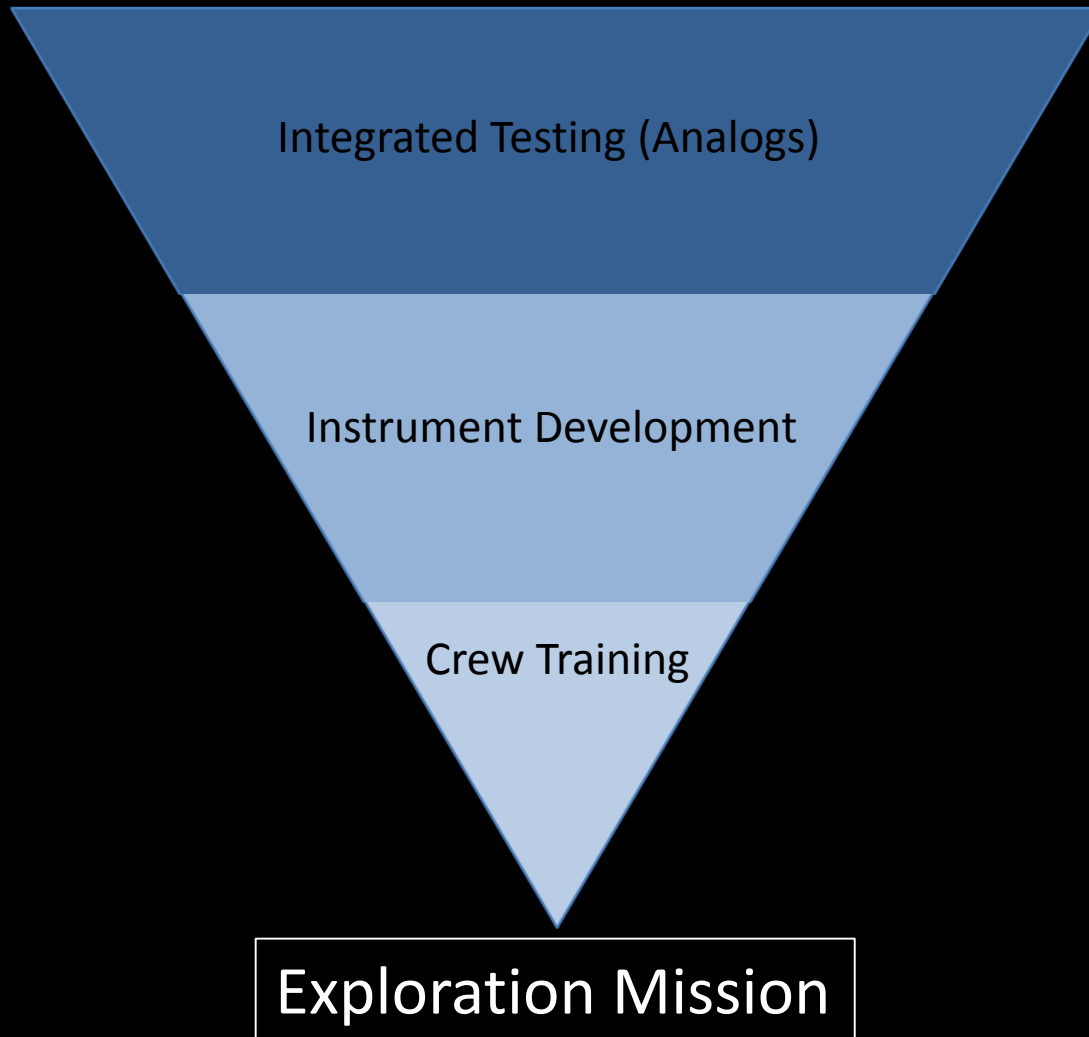
## SCIENCE SAMPLING TOOLS & GEOLOGY SAMPLING KIT



- Evaluated EVA tools and hardware for science sampling
- Sample Briefcase housed various end effectors with two different drivers (manual and powered)



# Portable Instruments



# Field Portable Instrumentation

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- Goal of any instrument is to maximize science return and increase efficiency of real-time surface operations
- Influences not only sample collection, but also in situ data analysis to inform traverse activities



# Field Portable Instrumentation

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**RISE<sup>4</sup>**

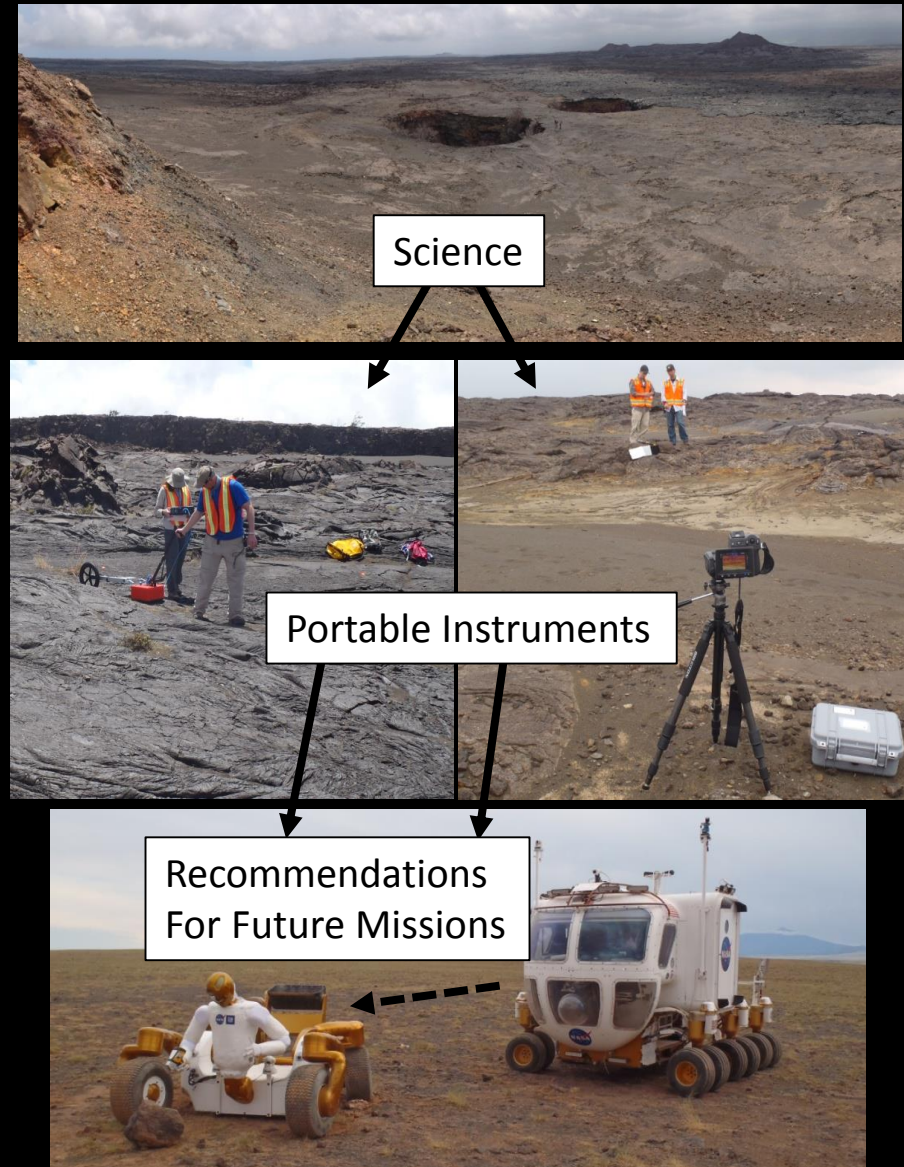
REMOTE IN SITU AND SYNCHROTRON  
STUDIES FOR SCIENCE AND EXPLORATION

*Solar System Exploration Research Virtual Institute*

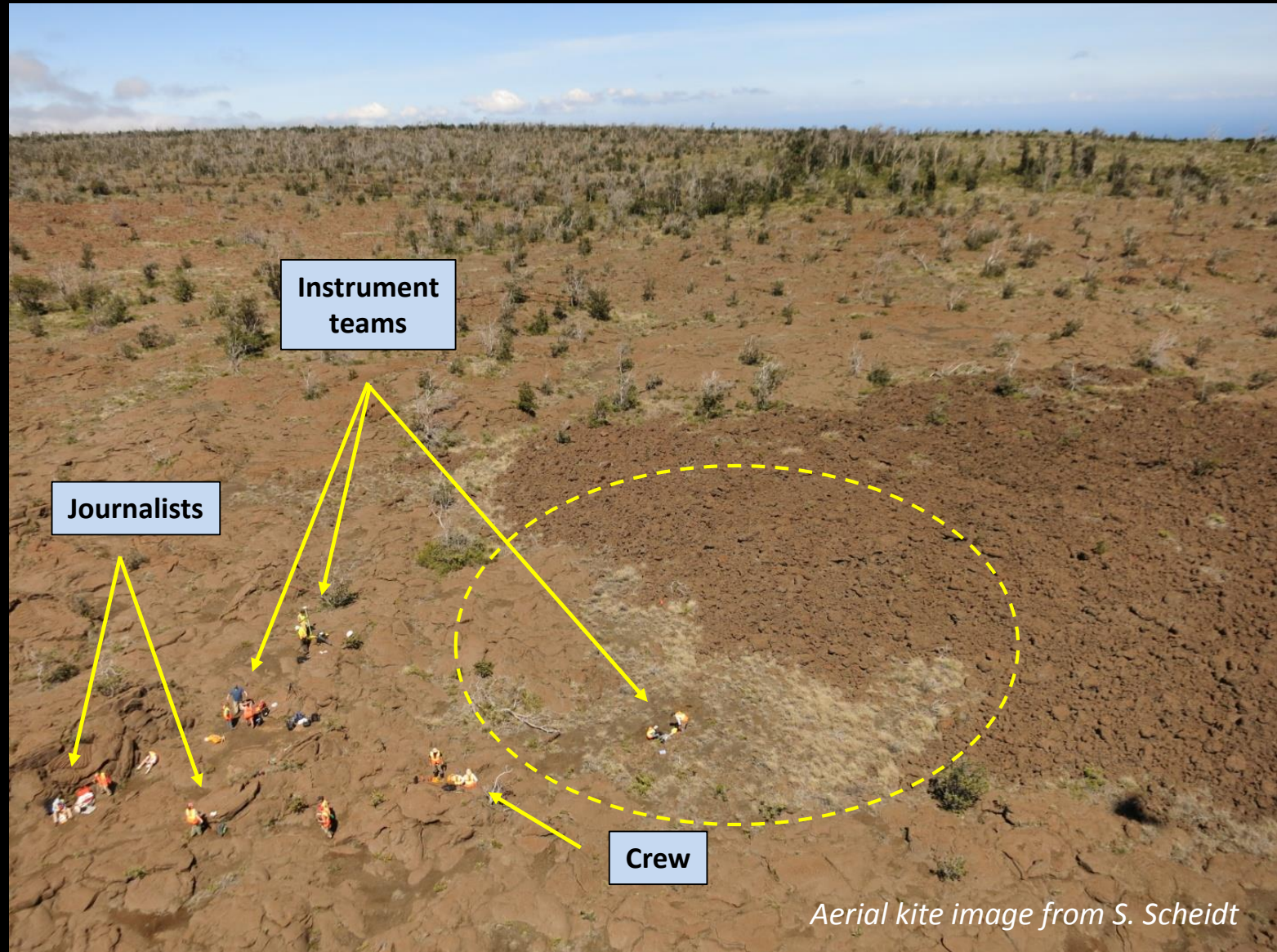


# RIS<sup>4</sup>E Field Methods

- New science
- Evaluate role of portable instruments for *in situ* analysis
- Recommendations for instrument operations and technology development



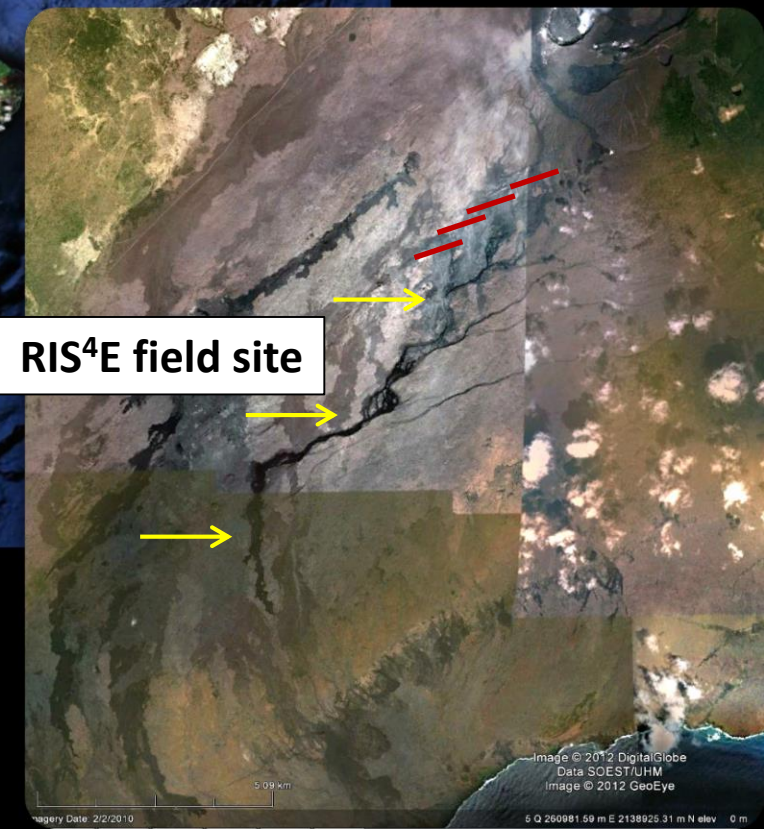
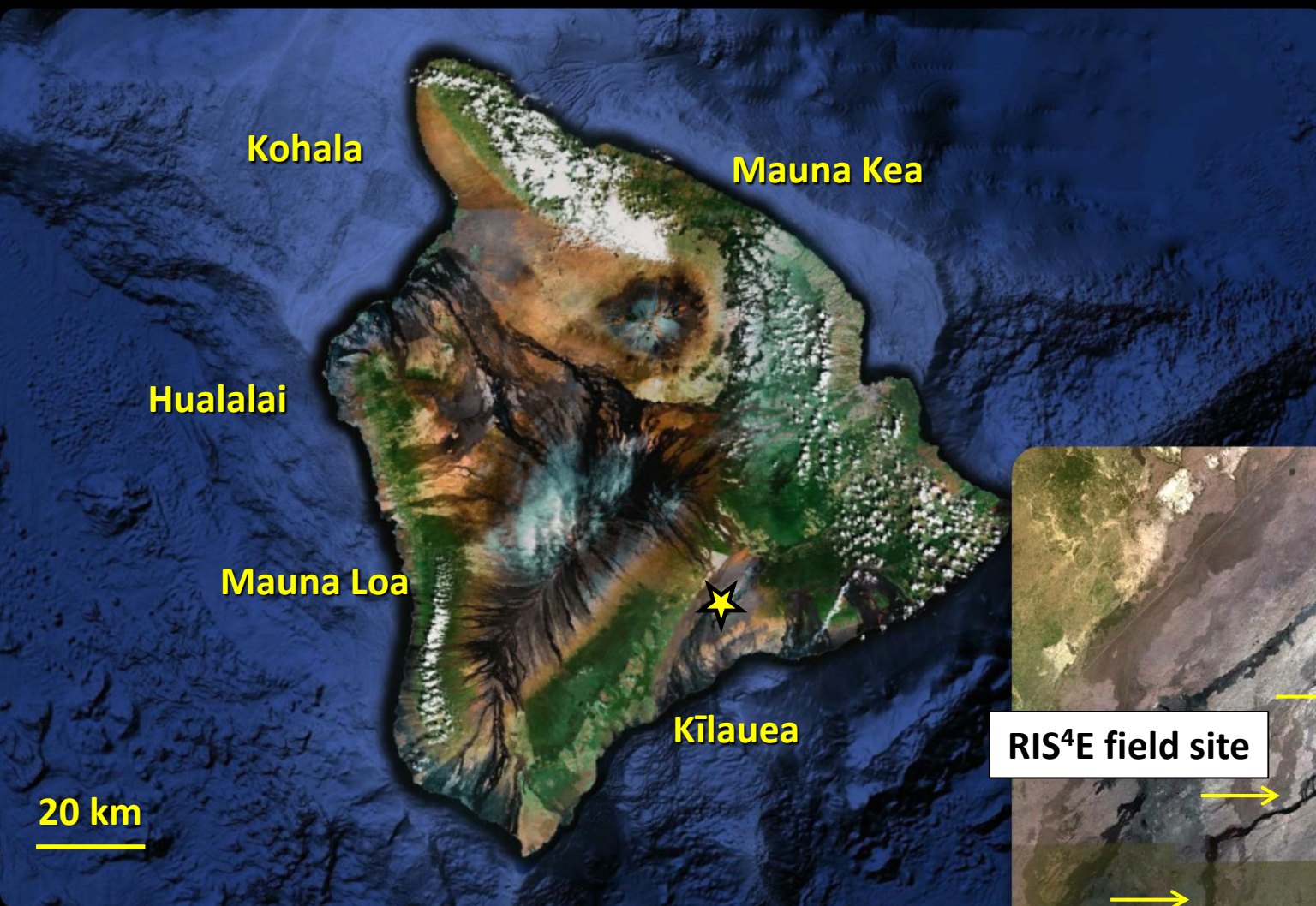
# RIS<sup>4</sup>E Field Operations





# RIS<sup>4</sup>E FIELD SITE: Kīlauea December 1974 Flow

RISE



Designed to study physical volcanology & characterize chemistry & mineralogy of lava and alteration products

RIS<sup>4</sup>E field site

Image © 2012 DigitalGlobe  
Data SOEST/UHM  
Image © 2012 GeoEye  
Image Date: 2/2/2010  
S Q 260981 59 m E 2138925 31 m N elev 0 m



# The D1974 Flow as an Analog



- Desert environment with brief damp periods
- Alteration resulting from plume-flow interaction
- Basaltic flows interspersed with basaltic ash and basaltic sediments
- Low-slope flow morphology



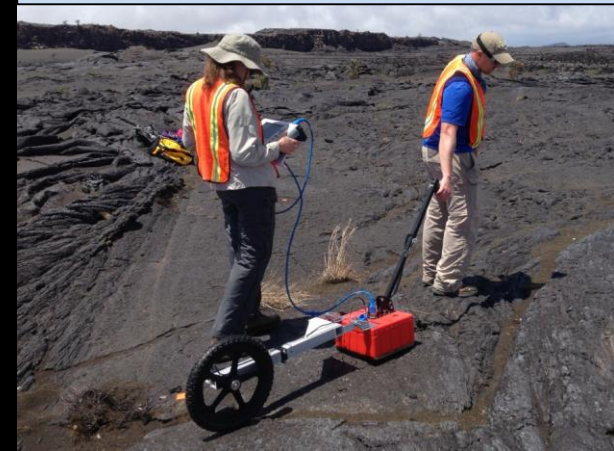
# RIS<sup>4</sup>E Field Instrumentation

RISE

Multispectral Imaging & LiDAR for broad FOV



GPR for subsurface structure



hXRF & XRD for in situ chemistry and mineralogy

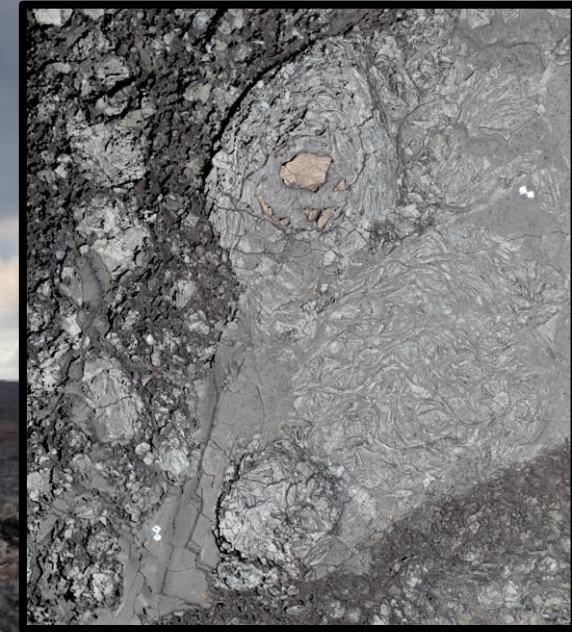
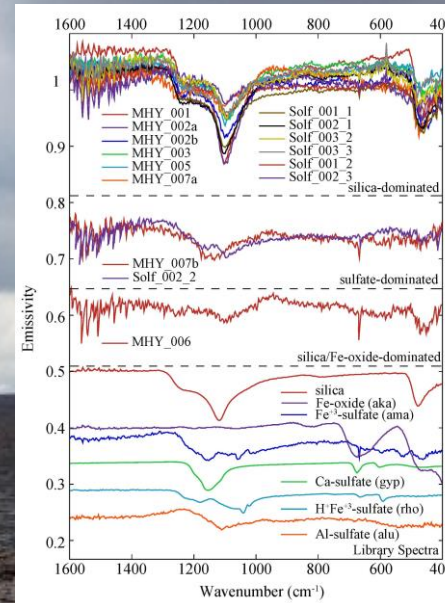
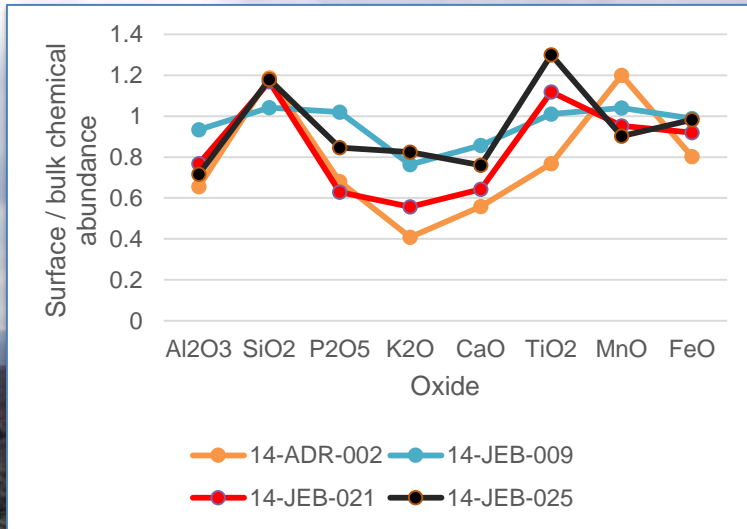


Airborne data for site context





# The D1974 Flow as an Analog



- Alteration Coatings: hXRF, XRD, multispectral imaging
- Solfatara: hXRF, XRD, multispectral imaging
- Flow morphology and emplacement: LiDAR, Kite

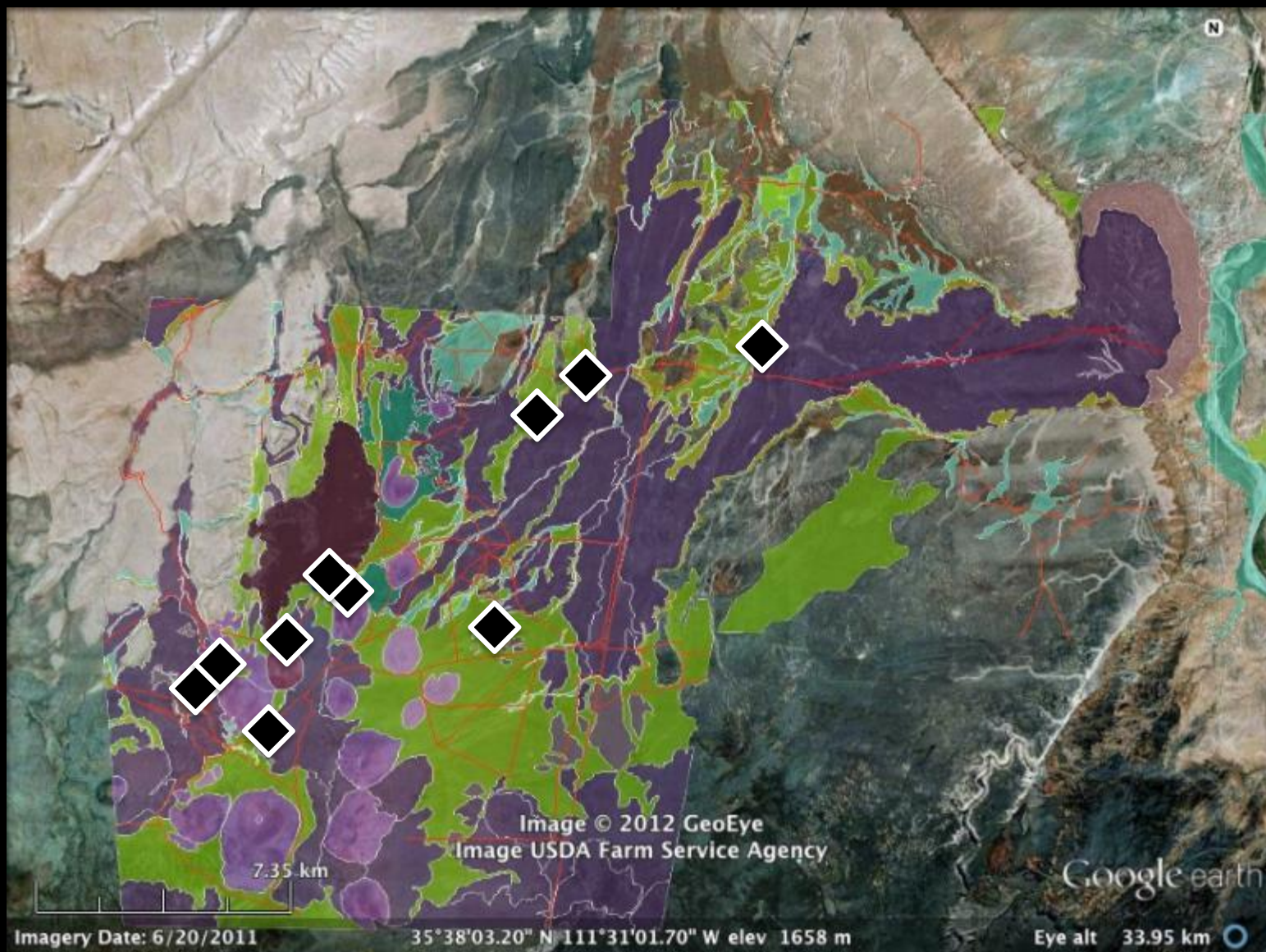


# Operational Considerations

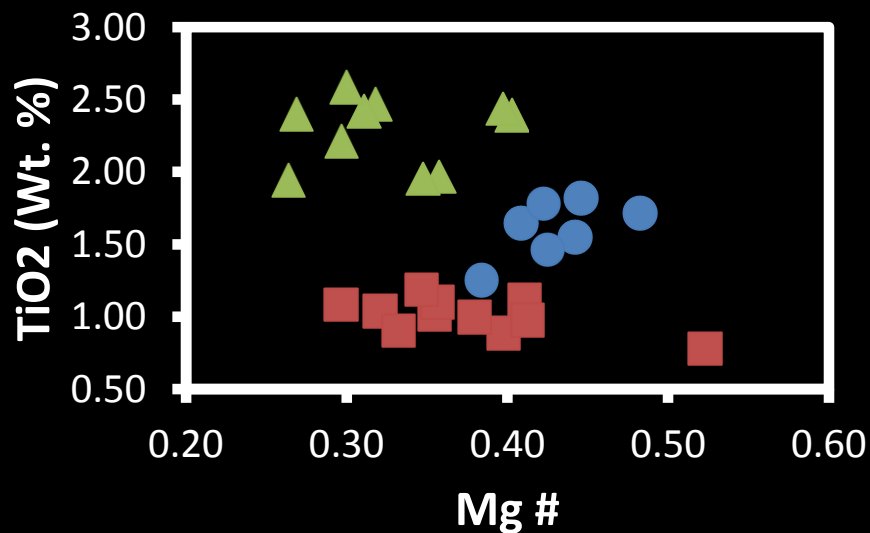
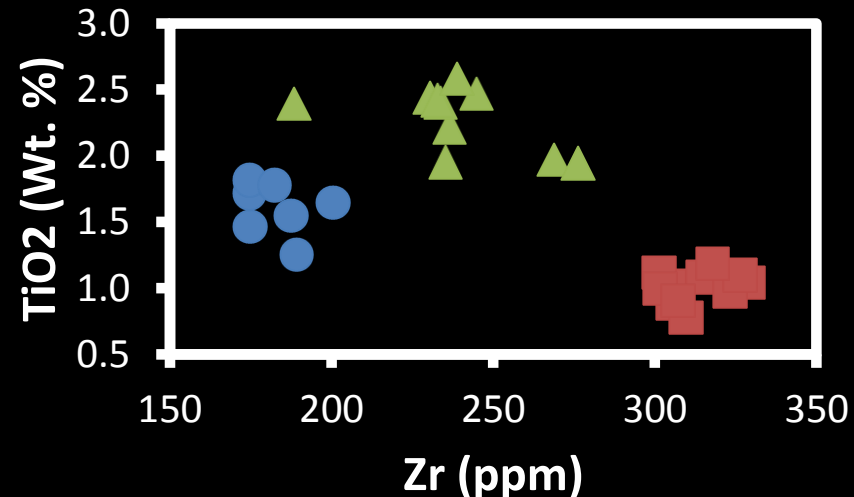
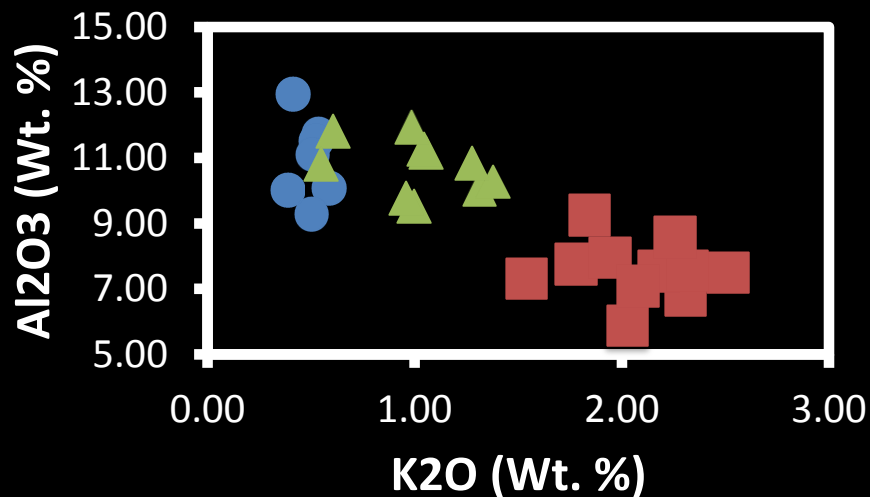


- While increased science value is important, what effect does instrument incorporation have on overall EVA timeline?
- RIS<sup>4</sup>E builds off of D-RATS heritage to develop operational timelines

# hXRF Case Study



# hXRF Data

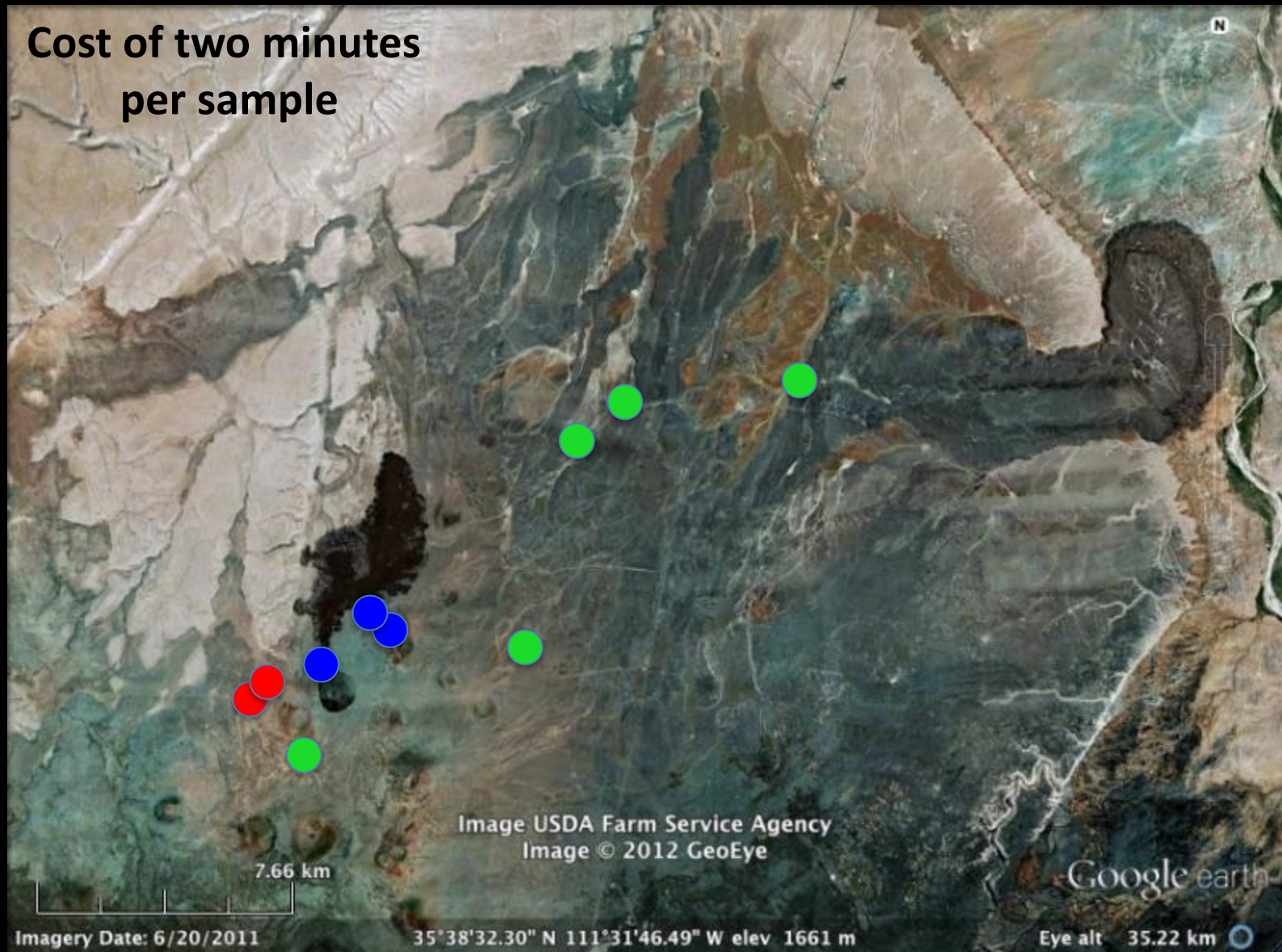


## Unit Descriptions

- Unit vf1: low Al, high K, high Zr, low Ti, mid Mg #
- Unit vf2: high Al, low K, low Zr, mid Ti, mid Mg #
- Unknown unit: high Al, low K, mid Zr, high Ti, low Mg #



# hXRF Case Study



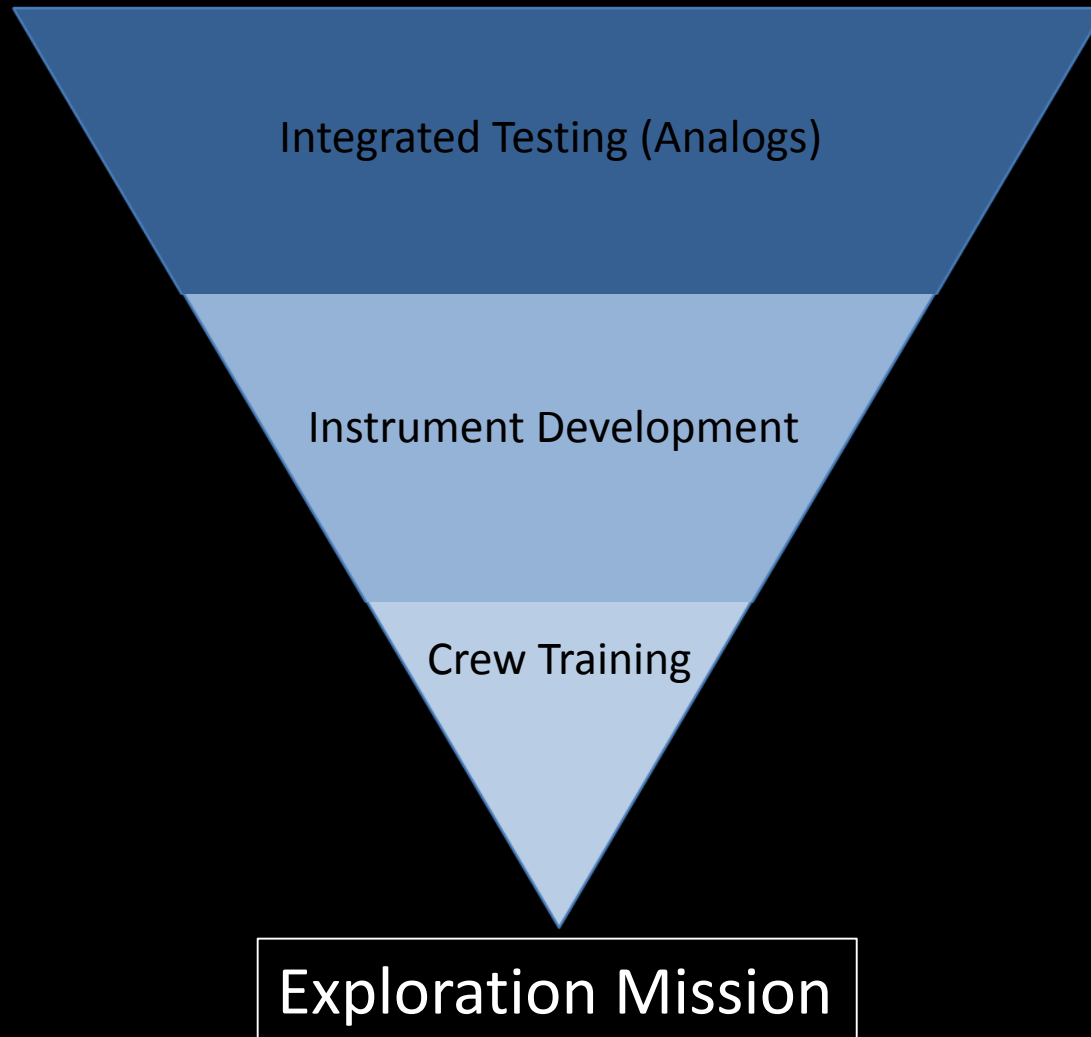
# Field Portable Instruments

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- Field portable instrumentation is highly beneficial in both sample high grading and gaining real-time contextual insight
- Selecting an instrumentation suite is non-trivial and should be a priority regardless of target destination
- Work is ongoing to investigate how these instruments will integrate effectively into future planetary EVAs but continued testing in relevant field environments is crucial

# Crew Training

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# Crew Training



NASA/SP-2015-626

## Science Training History of the Apollo Astronauts

William C. Phinney



National Aeronautics and  
Space Administration

# Crew Training

## Astronaut Candidate Training



## Field Assistant Training



## Analog Testing Training





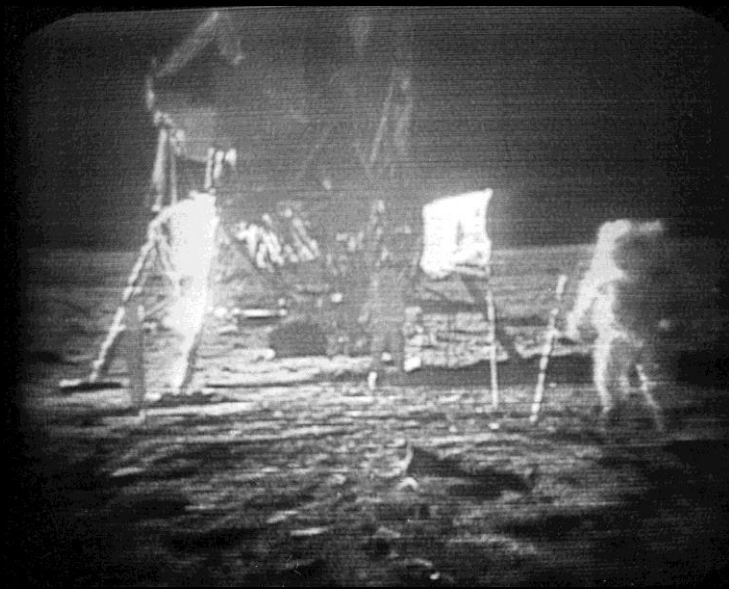
# Crew Training

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Sarychev Volcano, Russia

# Value of Exploration





# Value of Exploration

*Cygnus Launch, Oct 17<sup>th</sup>, 2016*



*NASA/Bill Ingalls*



*Launch from H St NE*



*SpaceX/Dragon*



# Thank you



Kelsey Young  
*kelsey.e.young@nasa.gov*

